E. DOWN THE ROAD TO DC

We end with a virtual trip down to Washington to look at the women behind two of its art institutions: **Catherine Filene Shouse**, who founded Wolf Trap, and **Peggy Cooper Cafritz**, the force behind the Duke Ellington School for the Arts.

✓ Video: Welcome to Wolf Trap

Rossini: The Touchstone, opening (Wolf Trap Opera, 2017)

✓ Video: Happy Birthday, Peggy Cooper Cafritz! (2019)

→ Denyce Graves sings Los parajos perdidos (Philadephia, 2003)

Sylvia **Beach** (1887–1962, *American bookseller and publisher*), Peggy Cooper Cafritz (1947–2018, American patron), Rebecca Clarke (1886–1979, British American composer), Claribel Cone (1864–1929, American collector), Etta Cone (1870–1949, American collector), Elizabeth Sprague Coolidge (1864– 1953, American composer and patron), Aaron Copland (1900–90, American composer), Katherine Dreier (1877–1952, American painter and patron), Marcel Duchamp (1887–1968, American artist), Max Ernst (1891–1976, German painter), Isabella Stewart Gardner (1840–1924, American collector), Martha Graham (1894–199, American choreographer), Peggy Guggenheim (1898–1979, American gallerist and collector), Marian MacDowell (1857– 1956, American pianist and patron), Henri Matisse (1869–1954, French painter), Meredith Monk (1942–, American composer and choreographer), Betty Parsons (1900–82, American gallerist and artist), Pablo Picasso (1881– 1973, Spanish artist), Jackson **Pollock** (1912–56, American painter), Catherine Filene Shouse (1896–1994, American patron), Gertrude Stein (1874-1946, American poet and collector), Louise Talma (1906-96, American composer)

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WOMEN IN THE



10. PATRONS & COLLECTORS

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PATRONS AND COLLECTORS

TWELVE INFLUENTIAL AMERICAN WOMEN, who made an indelible mark on 20th-century art. Some were collectors, who opened their house-museums to the public or donated their works to a public museum. Some ran galleries that supported emerging artists. Some set up endowments to support artistic creation. Some established schools or performing institutions. And many were practicing artists or performers themselves. *rb*.

A. BALTIMORE TO PARIS

Four women who traveled from Baltimore to Paris: Claribel and Etta Cone on annual visits, Gertrude Stein to live and work there, and at the very end of World War I, Sylvia Beach to open a bookshop and, with James Joyce's *Ulysses*, try her hand at publishing.

Picasso: Gertrude Stein (1906, NY Met)
Picasso: Fanny Tellier (1910, NY Met)

PBS Newshour: The Steins Collect (2011)

Matisse: Purple Robe and Anemones (1937, BMA)

✓ Video: The Cones' apartments, visual tour✓ Matisse: The Yellow Dress, Jay Fisher video

Sylvia Beach on Shakespeare and Company

B. MUSIC FOR SHARING

Two musicians with private money who made a considerable impact on the music and other arts in 20th-century America. **Elizabeth Sprague Coolidge** was a pianist and composer, whose support and commissioning of chamber music was based in America but reached worldwide. **Marian MacDowell** was a professional pianist who turned the home she bought as a retreat for her composer husband into an artists' colony for practitioners in every discipline.

□ Graham/Copland: Appalachian Spring, excerpt

✓ Video: Before is MacDowell

Talma: The Ambient Air, second movement
 Video: The Dancing Voice of Meredith Monk

C. VISIONS OF VENICE

Two American heiresses who lived in Venetian palazzos. **Isabella Stewart Gardner** had an imitation one built to her specifications in Boston to house her collection of old masters, which she turned into a museum for the public. **Peggy Guggenheim** bought a real one in Venice to house her now-public collection of contemporary art, which she acquired through her long association with artists, and running the groundbreaking *Art of This Century* gallery in New York.

✓ Video: Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum introduction

➢ Video: Peggy Guggenheim, Art Addict (2015), excerpts

D. PAINTING HERSELF, PROMOTING OTHERS

Two major figures in the 20th-century art scene in New York who were also artists in their own right. **Katherine Dreier** was a born organizer who opened the first Museum of Modern Art in New York, several years before the one that now bears that name. **Betty Parsons** trained in France and only started work in galleries to fund her career as a painter and sculptor, but her eponymous gallery became the nerve center of the New York Abstract Expressionism in the 50s and 60s.

Duchamp: Nude Descending a Staircase (1912, Philadelphia)

Dreier: The Blue Bowl (1911, Yale)

Dreier: Abstract Portrait of Marcel Duchamp (1918, NY MoMA)

Betty Parsons paintings **Betty Parsons** sculptures