Portraits: More than Paint



5. The View in the Mirror March 19, 2024

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WHY DO SO MANY ARTISTS PAINT SELF-PORTRAITS? For economic reasons: they do not need to pay a model. For educational ones: it is a convenient way to experiment. For professional ones: to sign a larger picture; to attract future commissions; and to sell to a growing market among collectors. Over history, we see a gradual change in the status of the artist from modest artisan working in the shadows to master asserting genius in his own right. Or *her* own right; much of the first hour will be devoted to self-portraits by women claiming the respect commonly accorded to men.

The latter part of the class will focus on individual artists who, for one reason or another, have made self-portraiture a significant part of their *oeuvre*. Most obviously Rembrandt, but also more recently Vincent Van Gogh, Edvard Munch, Lovis Corinth, and Frida Kahlo, dealing increasingly with normally-private feelings.

Unlike other classes in this course, this session will be devoted almost entirely to painting, with little or nothing in other media. Only a few sample works are listed below. *rb*.

A. Why Do They Do It?

Four self-portraits by Dürer, plus a few others, considered as to intent.

Gumpp: Triple Self-Portrait (1646, Uffizi) Parmigianino: Self-Portrait in a Convex Mirror (1524, Vienna KHM) Dürer: Self-Portraits at 13, 22, 26, and 28

B. No Longer Invisible

From modest self-portrait "signatures" by **Masaccio** and **Raphael** to bold assertions of status by **Velázquez** and **Courbet**.

Ghiberti: Gates of Paradise (1437, Florence Baptistery) Velázquez: Las meninas (1656, Madrid Prado) Courbet: The Painter's Studio (1855, Paris Orsay)

C. Her Hand at the Easel

A brief history of self-portraits by women...

Anguissola: Self-Portrait Being Painted by Campi (1550s, Siena) Gentileschi: Self-Portrait as La Pittura (1630, Royal Collection) Vigée-Lebrun: Self-Portrait in a Straw Hat (1782, London NG)

D. Private Made Public

...and one woman in particular: Mexican surrealist **Frida Kahlo**, whose private physical and mental pain became the subject of public art.

Solution Video: The Two Fridas (James Payne)

E. Rembrandt's Eyes

A few of the almost 100 self-portraits drawn, etched, or painted by **Rembrandt**, and the vast range of moods they encompass.

Rembrandt: Self-portraits around 1630
Rembrandt: Belshazzar's Feast (1636, London NG)
✓ Video: Rembrandt's Moods (rb.)

F. Alone Among Friends

Another prolific Dutch self-portraitist, **Vincent Van Gogh**. How far do his portraits reflect the mental anguish that led to his death?

Gauguin: Les Misérables (self-portrait, 1888, Van Gogh Museum) Van Gogh: Self-Portrait ("Vincent in the Flames," 1889, Paris Orsay)

G. Norwegian Moods

Edvard Munch, a depressive alcoholic genius who made his personal issues the entire subject of his work

Grieg: Peer Gynt, Solveig's Song, with Munch paintings
 Munch: Self-Portrait with Cigarette (1895, Oslo NGA)
 Munch: Self-Portrait under a Female Mask (1893)
 Munch: Self-Portrait with Wine Bottle (1896, Munch Museum)

H. The Birthday Painter

Finally the German painter **Lovis Corinth** who did a self-portrait every year on his birthday, plus many others besides. Life dealt him many blows, but also granted an access of happiness in later years.

Corinth: *Self-Portrait with his Wife* (1903, Zurich) **Corinth**: *Self-Portrait as the Blinded Samson* (1912, Berlin)

Sofonisba Anguissola (1530–1625, Italian painter), Émile Bernard (1868– 1941, French painter and critic), Lovis Corinth (1858–1925, German painter), Gustave Courbet (1819–77, French painter), Albrecht Dürer (1471–1528, German painter and printmaker), Paul Gauguin (1848–1903, French painter), Artemisia Gentileschi (1593–1653, Italian painter), Théodore Géricault (1791-1824, French painter), Lorenzo Ghiberti (1378–1455, Italian painter), Edvard Grieg (1843–1907, Norwegian composer), Johannes Gumpp (1726-, Austrian painter), Frida Kahlo (1907–54, Mexican painter), Adélaide Labille-Guiard (1749–1803, French painter), Masaccio (Tommaso di Ser Giovanni, 1401–28, Italian painter), Paula Modersohn-Becker (1876–1907, German painter), Edvard Munch (1863–1944, Norwegian painter), Parmigianino (Francesco Mazzola, 1503–40, Italian painter), Raphael (Raffaello Santi, 1483–1520, Italian painter), Rembrandt (Rembrandt Harmenz. van Rijn, 1606–69, Dutch painter and printmaker), Peter Paul Rubens (1577–1640, Flemish painter), Richard Strauss (1864–1949, German composer), Vincent Van Gogh (1853–90, Dutch painter), Diego Velázquez (1599–1660, Spanish painter), Elisabeth Vigée-Lebrun (1755–1842, French painter)

> The course website is **www.brunyate.com/portraits** I will always answer mail to **rogerbrunyate@gmail.com**