Eroica

Simon Clellan Jones' 2003 film *Eroica*, with screenplay by Nick Dear, dramatizes the private reading of Beethoven's Third Symphony (originally called *Buonaparte*, but now *Eroica*) at the Vienna palace of his genial patron Prince Lobkowitz (Jack Davenport). There are too many characters to name, but look especially for the conservative Count Dietrichstein (Tim Pigott-Smith), Beethoven's pupil Ferdinand Reis (Leo Bill), and at the end, his former teacher Haydn (Frank Finlay). Beethoven is played by Ian Hart and the music is conducted by Sir John Eliot Gardiner (unseen).

Film: Eroica (2003), opening, discussion, and complete finale

Ludwig van Beethoven (1770–1827, German composer), Paul Cézanne (1839–1906, French painter), William Merritt Chase (1849–1916, American painter), Edgar Degas (1834–1917, French painter), Emily Dickinson (1830–86, American poet), Jean-Auguste-Dominique Ingres (1780–1867, French painter), Édouard Manet (1832–83, French painter), Claude Monet (1840–1926, French painter), Berthe Morisot (1841–95, French painter), Pierre-Paul Prud'hon (1758–1823, French painter), Sir Henry Raeburn (1726–1823, Scottish painter), Sir Joshua Reynolds (1723–92, English painter), George Romney (1734–1802, English painter), John Singer Sargent (1856–1925, American painter), Gilbert Stuart (1755–1828, American painter), James Abbott McNeill Whistler (1834–1903, American painter)

The course website is **www.brunyate.com/portraits**I will always answer mail to **rogerbrunyate@gmail.com**

Portraits: More than Paint



9. DC Connections
April 16, 2024

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THIS CLASS WILL FOCUS ON A NUMBER OF PORTRAITS in the National Gallery of Art in Washington DC. This is a modification of the wider-ranging class I would have offered had I not been sidelined by sickness. Today's works span a similar period (1780–1880) and include several nationalities. I hope that in discussing them we may review some previous questions about the nature and purpose of portraits, and also perhaps see some changes in who commissioned them in the Nineteenth Century.

The second hour will also be something of a review, as we look at substantial clips from two films about people featured in last week's class: Beethoven and Emily Dickinson. *rb*.

English Girls

Two portraits of children from the golden age of British portraiture, the late Eighteenth Century.

Reynolds: Lady Caroline Howard, 1778 Romney: Miss Juliana Willoughby, 1781–83

Ladies of Means

Four ladies of wealth spanning the entire period under discussion, painted by leading artists in Scotland, France, and the United States.

Raeburn: Miss Eleanor Urquhart, 1793 Stuart: Catherine Brass Yates, 1793 Ingres: Madame Moitessier, 1851 Sargent: Mrs. Adrian Iselin, 1888

International Man of Mystery

A striking male portrait in the National collection. We know the sitter's name and who painted him, but have little idea of who he actually was or why he was painted in that way.

Prud'hon: David Johnston, 1808

Family Matters

Three French artists (all later connected with the Impressionists) who paint members of their families in ways that they might not have used for commissioned works.

Cézanne: The Artist's Father, 1866

Morisot: The Artist's Mother and Sister, 1869

Degas: Madame René de Gas, 1872

Women in White

Finally a treasure hunt, as we explore the connection between two standalone works in the gallery, and wonder when the depiction of a known individual is *not* actually a portrait.

Whistler: *The White Girl*, 1862 Monet: *Bazille and Camille*, 1866

Emily

Two sequences from A Quiet Passion, Terence Davies' 2016 film about Emily Dickinson (played by Cynthia Nixon). The first shows her with her sister-in-law and next-door neighbor Susan (Jhodi May). The second traces the stages of her becoming a recluse: watching her father's funeral from an upstairs window, arguing with an interfering editor from the top of the stairs, and refusing to see an admirer because he is too handsome.